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# Concepts Of Non Provocative Defence Ideas And Practices In International Security

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*Concepts Of  
Non  
Provocative  
Defence Ideas  
And Practices  
In  
International  
Security* *OMB No.  
7764368532059  
edited by*

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## **GABRIELLE SCHWARTZ**

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### **Coexistence, Cooperation and Common Security**

Routledge  
Defence diplomacy enhances the diplomatic and security capacity of a state, providing the only link between executive office and the ministries of foreign affairs and defence, three vital institutions in the Long War. Using a case study of US defence diplomacy in Afghanistan from 2001-2014, the paper argues simply that the practice of defence diplomacy far outweighs current theories on what it is, how it works and why it matters?

### **PEOPLE, STATES & FEAR**

Taylor & Francis  
The second edition of this

widely acclaimed book takes as its main theme the question of how states and societies pursue freedom from threat in an environment in which competitive relations are inescapable across the political, economic, military, societal and environmental landscapes. Throughout, attention is placed on the interplay of threats and vulnerabilities, the policy consequences of overemphasizing one or the other, and the existence of contradictions within and between ideas about security. Barry Buzan argues that the concept of security is a versatile, penetrating and useful way to approach the study of international relations. Security provides an analytical framework which stands between the extremes of power and peace, incorporates most of their insights and adds more of its own.

[In Defense Of Nato](#)  
Springer

The Bulletin of the Atomic Scientists is the premier public resource on scientific and technological developments that impact global security. Founded by Manhattan Project Scientists, the Bulletin's iconic "Doomsday Clock" stimulates solutions for a safer world.

### **Concepts of Non- Provocative Defence**

Springer

"This book is the result of a workshop of the ASEAN Studies Centre (ASC) held in July 2010"--P. ix.

### **Security Studies**

Springer

For the third year running, this book, originally published in 1984, provided those actively concerned with the dangers of war at the time, with well-researched and up-to-date information on military developments of every kind. Based on material published in the SIPRI Yearbook 1984, this book contains the essential data on nuclear issues, on military expenditure and

the arms trade, and examines the breakdown of the arms control talks in 1983.

### **Strategic Power**

Institute of Southeast Asian Studies

This book examines the viability of non-provocative defence - the controversial idea that defensive military policies and practices reduce the risk of wars and provide a viable basis for defending a society should war break out. Drawing on case studies from Europe, the 1991 Persian Gulf War, and Asia-Pacific, the author concludes that non-provocative defence concepts remain relevant and that they can help in deterring, conducting, and settling wars.

### **International commissions and the power of ideas**

Rowman & Littlefield  
Published in 1997, the work explores the reorientation of security policies and the accompanying restructuring of the armed forces going on in Southern Africa under entirely new circumstances: Democracy has come to South Africa, the civil wars in Angola and Mozambique have ended, and the region is establishing a regional

framework for cooperation. While covering the entire region, a special focus is placed on South Africa which is predestined to play a leading role, but which is struggling with the legacy of the apartheid regime and its repeated aggressions against neighbouring states. A defensive restructuring of the South African military is an element in the building of mutual trust. The implications of such defensive restructuring to a non-offensive defence are described in detail. In addition to the analytical contribution, the work also contains central documents and a bibliography.

### **DEMILITARISATION AND PEACE-BUILDING IN SOUTHERN AFRICA**

Cornell University Press  
The study of international relations, has traditionally been dominated by Western ideas and practices, and marginalized the voice and experiences of the non-Western states and societies. As the world moves to a "post-Western" era, it is imperative that the field of IR acquires a more

global meaning and relevance. Drawing together the work of renowned scholar Amitav Acharya and framed by a new introduction and conclusion written for the volume, this book exposes the narrow meaning currently attached to some of the key concepts and ideas in IR, and calls for alternative and broader understandings of them. The need for recasting the discipline has motivated and undergirded Acharya's own scholarship since his entry into the field over three decades ago. This book reflects his own engagement, quarrels and compromise and concludes with suggestions for new pathways to a Global IR- a forward-looking and inclusive enterprise that is reflective of the multiple and global heritage of IR in an changing and interconnected world. It is essential reading for anyone who is concerned about the history, development and future of international relations and international relations theory.

NATO's Conventional Defences Taylor & Francis  
Integrating theory and case studies, this cogent text explores the processes and factors that

shape foreign policy. Following a levels-of-analysis organization, Neack considers all elements that influence foreign policy, including the role of leaders, bargaining, national image, political culture, public opinion, the media, and nonstate actors.

### **RETHINKING POWER, INSTITUTIONS AND IDEAS IN WORLD POLITICS**

ECPR Press

This book, first published in 1985, examines the questions of European security that lie at the heart of the confrontation between the superpowers. It concentrates on ways of achieving defence by conventional means rather than a reliance on nuclear or chemical weapons, and at the same time focuses on possible force reductions.

#### **Studying Foreign Policy Comparatively**

Oxford University Press

Concepts of Non-Provocative

DefenceSpringer

*Reconstruction and*

*Regional Diplomacy in the*

*Persian Gulf* Rowman &

Littlefield

Routledge Library

Editions: Peace Studies

(12 Volume set) contains titles, originally published

between 1928 and 1985. Looking at peace movements and the people involved in them around the world, who seek to learn lessons from war and find solutions to a peaceful existence. It includes titles from a number of well-known pacifists, both pre- and post-war who have influenced ideas and policy throughout the twentieth century.

An Introduction to Strategic Studies Springer

This clear and concise text offers a comprehensive comparison of national, international, and human security concepts and policies. Laura Neack argues that security remains elusive because of a centuries-old ethic insisting that states are the primary and most important international actors, can rely ultimately only on themselves for protection, and must keep all options on the table for national security. The author compellingly demonstrates how a state-first security ethic ultimately fails to secure states, the international community and--most important--human beings. Although security as a concept can be widened to include almost any aspect of existence,

Neack focuses especially on security from physical violence, beginning with efforts by states to defend themselves against violent attack. She explores such topics as the internal and external dimensions of security, terrorism, and defending the homeland; threat perception and responses; preemptive and preventive wars; and other military interventions. Next, Neack examines efforts over the past century to protect states through the construction of the United Nations international security system and how collective security, peacekeeping, and peace enforcement have been used in that system. Throughout, Neack shows that human security has only mattered in terms of servicing the state's security needs, a critique she takes up directly in the final chapters. A range of short and extended case studies are offered to illustrate the conceptual materials and policy debates over security. In this state-first world, we only can choose between degrees of insecurity; true security remains elusive.

### **BULLETIN OF THE**

## ATOMIC SCIENTISTS

Routledge  
First published in 1993.  
Routledge is an imprint of  
Taylor & Francis, an  
informa company.

## ELUSIVE SECURITY

Oxford University Press  
This book highlights the  
impact and relevance of  
"strategic culture". Each  
section contains essays  
contrasting United States  
and Soviet perceptions on  
specific topics. Each  
section closes with a  
synthesizing commentary,  
to help readers to get a  
better sense of  
differences and  
similarities.

## Defending Humanity

Routledge  
The American institute for  
contemporary German  
studies, which sponsors  
research and discussion  
on German politics,  
foreign policy and history  
since 1945, has compiled  
this book on the German  
army and its involvement  
with NATO, German  
politics and future  
strategic alternatives.

*Jonathan Dean* Routledge  
In *Defending Humanity*,  
internationally acclaimed  
legal scholar George P.  
Fletcher and Jens David  
Ohlin, a leading expert on  
international criminal law,  
tackle one of the most  
important and

controversial questions of  
our time: When is war  
justified? When a nation is  
attacked, few would deny  
that it has the right to  
respond with force. But  
what about preemptive  
and preventive wars, or  
crossing another state's  
border to stop genocide?  
Was Israel justified in  
initiating the Six Day War,  
and was NATO's  
intervention in Kosovo  
legal? What about the  
U.S. invasion of Iraq? In  
their provocative book,  
Fletcher and Ohlin offer a  
groundbreaking theory on  
the legality of war with  
clear guidelines for  
evaluating these  
interventions. The authors  
argue that much of the  
confusion on the subject  
stems from a persistent  
misunderstanding of the  
United Nations Charter.  
The Charter appears to be  
very clear on the use of  
military force: it is only  
allowed when authorized  
by the Security Council or  
in self-defense.  
Unfortunately, this has led  
to the problem of  
justifying force when the  
Security Council refuses  
to act or when self-  
defense is thought not to  
apply--and to the difficult  
dilemma of declaring such  
interventions illegal or  
ignoring the UN Charter  
altogether. Fletcher and  
Ohlin suggest that the

answer lies in going back  
to the domestic criminal  
law concepts upon which  
the UN Charter was  
originally based, in  
particular, the concept of  
"legitimate defense,"  
which encompasses not  
only self-defense but  
defense of others. Lost in  
the English-language  
version of the Charter but  
a vital part of the French  
and other non-English  
versions, the concept of  
legitimate defense will  
enable political leaders,  
courts, and scholars to  
see the solid basis under  
international law for  
states to intervene with  
force--not just to protect  
themselves against an  
imminent attack but also  
to defend other national  
groups.

## Defending Humanity Springer

This book analyzes  
examples of strategic  
engagement in order to  
identify the factors which  
contribute to the success  
or failure of defence  
diplomacy in preventing  
interstate conflict. For  
more than a century,  
nations have engaged in  
defence diplomacy to  
cultivate mutual  
understanding and  
mitigate conflict. A subset  
of defence diplomacy is  
strategic engagement,  
defined as peacetime  
defence diplomacy

between nations that are actual or potential adversaries. This book analyzes three cases of strategic engagement in order to elucidate the factors which contribute to the success or failure of this diplomacy in preventing conflict. It uses an inductive framework to compare strategic engagement in the following cases: Anglo-German defence diplomacy prior to World War I; U.S.-Soviet defence diplomacy during the Cold War; and post-Cold War U.S.-China defence diplomacy. Based upon archival, literature, and personal interview research, the book argues that defence diplomacy can mitigate the risk of interstate conflict between potential adversaries. The lessons learned from this book can be employed to discern the significant elements conducive to achieving a successful

outcome of strategic engagement and averting conflict or even war. This book will be of much interest to students of defence studies, diplomacy studies, foreign policy and international relations.

*The Military Dimension of Common Security*  
Cambridge University Press

For a long time, international relations scholars have adopted a narrow view of what is global order, who are its makers and managers, and what means they employ to realize their goals. Amitav Acharya argues that the nature and scope of agency in the global order - who creates it and how - needs to be redefined and broadened. Order is built not by material power alone, but also by ideas and norms. While the West designed the post-war order, the non-Western countries were not passive. They

contested and redefined Western ideas and norms, and contributed new ones of their own making. This book examines such acts of agency, especially the redefinitions of sovereignty and security, shaping contemporary world politics. With the decline of Western dominance, ideas and agency from the Rest may make it possible to imagine and build a truly global order.

*Defending Europe* Lancer Publishers

This book focuses on the problems and issues surrounding the idea of Europeanism. The theory that common values would form the basis of a single European identity is argued against and the contributors concentrate on dualistic distinctions, especially the dichotomy of friend and enemy in European political and international thought, and suggest alternatives to them.

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